

<u>Who made my clothes? These Indian women make</u> <u>kimonos and interior items from vintage saris</u>

The article below is a translation of the original tekst pubished in Dutch on 24/04/2021 written by Lotte Philipsen for Knack Weekend <u>https://weekend.knack.be/lifestyle/mode/who-made-my-clothes-deze-indische-vrouwen-maken-kimono-s-en-interieuritems-van-vintage-sari-s/article-longread-1726599.html#</u>



Lotte Philipsen Journalist KnackWeekend.be

During Fashion Revolution Week, we ask ourselves who makes our clothes. In many cases this question leads to harrowing stories of exploitation, but the Belgian social enterprise Solid, shows that fashion and textiles can also be empowering. Get to know the female artisans of Solid in India better.



Who Made Your Clothes: These craftswomen in India make Solid products © Solid-IndraCox



The journey that clothes have made before they end up in our wardrobes is often long and not always rosy. Clothing production in Europe is no longer commonplace since globalisation and what happens behind the scenes in the textile workshops in the South is a mystery to many. Every year, during Fashion Revolution Week, we reflect on the origin of clothing and ask ourselves whether it can be done better, more fairly and more sustainably.

We are not located in Ranchi for economic benefits, but to create opportunities

That was exactly the issue they wanted to solve when they started their Indian handicraft workshop five years ago, says Indra Cox of Solid during a Zoom call from Ranchi: 'We want to empower women first and foremost, so we started looking for a way to give them honest and valuable work.'

Empowerment

It all started with an inspiring conversation between Solid founder Lyn Verelst and sister Jeanne Devos, who dedicated her life to women's rights in India and started the National Domestic Workers Movement. Domestic workers in India are often women with very few labour rights. They suffer a lot of abuse and exploitation. We wanted to help this vulnerable group by offering an alternative,' explains Indra.

Female empowerment is not just about an income, but also promoting self-confidence

Ranchi is located in north-east India, in the state of Jharkhand, India's second poorest state. Jharkhand means 'the land of forests' in the local language. It is a tribal region, where many of India's original inhabitants live. They are an oppressed group. The underprivileged, tribal women often own a piece of land on which they work. Owning land is the strength of the tribal community, but this is often compromised as land rights are often violated. Fortunately, there are many organisations working to defend these rights'.

When women from rural areas in Ranchi migrate to larger cities to work as domestic workers, they lose their land and social safety net, Indra points out. As domestic workers, they often end up in inhuman situations, working like modern-day slaves. Hence our choice for local employment, close to their land and family. We are not located in the rural area near Ranchi for economic benefits, but to create opportunities.





The kimonos, made of kantha-textile © Solid- Lieve and Mieke Vandenweghe

Social pressure

Being born a woman in this community has many disadvantages. No one will say it explicitly, but in this region, giving birth to a son is a blessing and giving birth to a daughter is a burden,' says Indra. Girls are married off and their job is to take care of their in-laws. As soon as they are married, they move to their husbands' homes and are expected to have children as soon as possible, who will in turn take care of their parents or parents-in-law. Everything they own, the girls take with them. They are also informally given a dowry. In the case of poor families, it is therefore logical that parents invest more in sons, because they stay with them and will take care of them. Sending their daughters to school for less time is simply a survival strategy.'

These conservative family expectations often make girls and women feel worthless and unwanted. They experience little freedom and are weighed down by social pressure. Female empowerment is not only about an income, but also promoting self-confidence,' explains Indra. We want to show them that they are valuable and that their contribution to society is important.'



Chasing dreams

Although the traditional pattern is difficult to break, Indra sees how they have made progress over the past five years. I am very happy that after a while the women who work with us realise that they can dream and choose their own path. They also tell me that they will raise their daughters differently, now that they have experienced that there are opportunities. By creating employment for women, you impact the whole community.'

Many of our women can read technical manuals and set up a loom, from start to finish. They are rightly proud of this. They are rightly very proud of this.

Most of the women who start at Solid in Ranchi have no prior experience in the textile sector. The master weavers are traditionally men. In the weaving villages, women usually take on underpaid or even unpaid work. It is therefore assumed that women are less able to weave, but it is mainly a matter of a lack of training. When we hire new women, they are first trained in the various techniques,' says Indra. A loom is a huge, cumbersome wooden machine, for which you need a lot of technical knowledge. Many of our women can now read technical manuals and set up a loom from start to finish. This is unique in this region and is a great advantage, and the women are rightly very proud of it.

Women can combine their job at Solid with their own household jobs and cultivation of their land. Indra explains that this flexibility is a necessity: 'They often do not have running water and therefore need to have time to walk to the well. Most households also do not have a refrigerator, so fresh food has to be made every day. We don't want to impose our way of working, as we do in Belgium, on them. We also have a crèche at work, so the little ones can come along.'





Interior objects from Solid © Solid-Tim Borremans

Positive impact for the whole family

We want to work productively, of course, but we talk to our employees about what is manageable . Women have an important social role in India, we don't want to take that away from them. So we discuss together where the boundaries lie and look for a way that is respectful of their culture, but also empowering.'

By incorporating more female and non-Western perspectives, we can make the way we trade better and fairer

Change never happens by itself, not even in Ranchi. Men are not always eager for their women to do this kind of work," says Indra. But it is beautiful to see how many women persevere and make decisions for their own happiness and independence. In the end, their job turns out to be positive for



the whole family. They are happier, have a stable income, the children have food and can go to school and the women can still participate in agriculture.'

Diversity and inclusion

What Solid certainly does not want to do is impose a strictly Western perspective. I have learnt a lot from this work', says Indra. The glasses through which we as Westerners look at fashion and business are very much linked to individualism. It has become so extreme that we think our well-being can be separated from the well-being of the planet and the community. Here, they see it differently and realise very well that we are part of nature. Everything is connected. That is why it is so important to promote diversity and inclusion, also in the business world. By integrating more female and non-Western perspectives, we can make the way we do business better and fairer.'

In the beginning, the women assumed that they had to throw away their own values and culture in order to become economically empowered. That way of working did not go so well, since they are not used to being approached as individuals and often end up in a hierarchical system. The sense of community is their strength, not their weakness. Fortunately, together we have managed to see that this quality is very valuable. Within a company, it is important to want the best for everyone and not to be jealous of your colleagues. Together you really are stronger," concludes Indra.

<u>Get to know the craftswomen of Solid in India better through</u> <u>their testimonials</u>

Sisiliya Tuti (41): craftswoman in crochet and kantha since April 2017

Sisiliya grew up in poverty. When her father died, she could no longer go to school because she had to help provide for the family. Before she started working at Solid, she worked as a domestic helper and in the construction sector: laborious work for poor pay. At Solid, Sisiliya works as a crocheter and kantha embroiderer.





Sisiliya Tuti (l.) takes a selfie with a Solid customer and colleagues © Solid - Indra Cox

When I started, I had no knowledge of crochet and sewing. I was afraid I wouldn't be able to do it well enough. At one point, there was an order for a pouf and a cushion that I didn't dare start because it looked so difficult. So I asked Sunita to give me another task. She encouraged me: "You will be able to do it. Just try." In the beginning, I was slower than the rest, but now I have caught up and can do my tasks. I got more self-confidence and thought, "If the others can do it, so can I." By continuing to practise, I eventually succeeded.'

A great memory of my work here at Solid is when Soni and I celebrated our birthdays together. It was right after I got my first paycheck and we bought a big cake and other goodies together. It was great fun to celebrate with the whole Solid family. I felt very happy.'

My colleagues are very helpful. They are nice and teach me all kinds of things and I, in turn, also teach them what I know. I am grateful for that. And I am also very grateful to the people from Solid who give me and the other women the opportunity to work here and earn our own money. I hope that the company will grow so that more women can work here.



Sunita Toppo (29): production supervisor & quality controller for crochet and kantha since October 2016

Sunita went to school until the age of 14 and was working at the same time. After 14, she took private lessons and passed her final exams. She hoped to become a police officer, but it was not easy to get in and her brother advised against it, as she would soon get married anyway and would not have to work.



Sunita Toppo © Solid - Indra Cox

'When I married, I moved to my in-laws. It is the custom in our village to marry young. It took three or four years before we had our daughter Rajmi, so I was gossiped about. Being infertile is taboo in this region. When Rajmi was born, she made us very happy. I think we should not keep quiet about the difficulties of having children and should break the taboo. I know how much it hurts when people gossip and I hope that by sharing my story, others will be kinder to women who find themselves in the same situation.'

The year after the birth of my daughter, I started the training at Solid. The work itself is very nice and working together with the other women makes me happy. We share our worries with each other. I am grateful for the work, the income and the support I receive."



Life has many ups and downs. Recently, we lost all our land because we have no papers proving that it is ours. This loss is a huge blow to my family, and brings many uncertainties for us. So I am relieved that I can work. Otherwise I would sit at home all day and worry.

When I got the position of supervisor, I was afraid because I had no experience. In the beginning there was jealousy. I brought this up and we had a good conversation about it. I have learned not to take everything personally. You learn from your mistakes. Now I know that it is best to talk to others in a calm way. It has helped, because I am now accepted and respected by my colleagues. Every day I learn something new. Not just in terms of technical skills, but also on a personal level. I have grown enormously as a person and I am proud of my leadership position.

I used to be very shy. I am much more self-confident since I have been working here. I have learned to stand up for myself. I think differently, I speak differently, I dress differently, my view of the world has changed and I get a lot more respect.

I am also raising my daughter differently thanks to this job. If I had not learned that it is possible for women to lead an independent life, I would probably also look for a husband for her and stop sending her to school. I didn't get the chance to study myself, but I want to give my daughter that opportunity so that she has a bright future. I now know that it is important to focus on Rajmi's physical, emotional and mental well-being. It's not just about getting good marks at school. I want her to be happy and enjoy playing too. I hope she can make all her dreams come true.'

Anna Lakra (34): craftswoman in crochet and kantha since April 2017

Anna grew up with 2 sisters, 3 brothers and her mother. Her father died when she was ten, which was very hard on the family, both financially and emotionally. She married when she was 23.





Anna Lakra (r.) and volunteer Nour (l.) © Solid-Indra Cox

I first heard about Solid at a wedding party. I hesitated to apply, because I was very insecure and I thought they would never select me because I had no experience. In the end, the application went very well and I was allowed to start the three-month training.

Before I worked for Solid I was thin and weak. Now I am healthy and strong. My children also ask me to keep working at Solid because they see that the job is good for me. I am much less sick than I used to be when I worked in construction. Another advantage of the job is that it is close to my home. So I can go to the parent meetings and do the housework. At my previous jobs, this was impossible to combine. I am happy that I can be a good mother and work. That balance is important to me.

At the moment my husband doesn't have a job, but he does prepare the evening meal. Our sons are 19 and 17 and go to school. I can pay for everything myself, even the school fees for my sons. That makes me very happy. Before, we were always stressing about our financial situation, but now I am much more relaxed."

When I had just started at Solid, I built my own well. I was allowed to start working later, so I could combine it. In the meantime, I have also saved enough to build my own house. Normally, the construction would have started in March 2020, but due to the corona crisis, it has been postponed. I believe we will be able to start after the crisis.



At Solid, I learned that you shouldn't live in the past, but look to the future. I am stronger now. I am very happy that new women can also start at Solid. Sharing the opportunities and facilities makes me happy.'

Hulashi Kujur (51): craftswoman in crochet and kantha since April 2017

Before Hulashi started working for Solid, her home situation was not looking good. Her husband suffered from depression, which worsened her mental state as well.



Hulashi Kujur (r.) and colleague Jiwanti (l.) © Solid - Indra Cox

It went very badly with my husband, because of his mental problems. I also started to suffer from it and felt depressed, restless and confused. Since I was able to start working with Solid, I have become calmer.

In the beginning my husband didn't support me. He thought the change was too abrupt. But I kept working at Solid because I felt the positive changes in myself. Now my husband supports my job. He has even asked me not to quit, because he now sees how good this job is for me. I can support my family and I am mentally much healthier and calmer.

Soni Tirkey (25): craftswoman and weaver since April 2017



As a child, Soni was often ill. She went to school until she was ten. Further education was not possible because of her illness and the high cost of school.



Soni Tirkey © Solid - Indra Cox

As a child, I didn't dare dream of a bright future, because I was always ill. I did not think it was realistic for me to get married and find work. Before I started working at Solid, I worked in the household and with the cattle. The work with the animals was very hard, because I always had to be outside, both in the heat and in the cold.'

When I heard about Solid, I wanted to apply. Because I could not read or write, the daughter of the village chief helped me to fill in the necessary papers. In the beginning, I found the work difficult. I could not remember the names of the threads and did not know the techniques. When I told the master weaver that I was not good at weaving, he replied, "Beyond fear, you will find victory. If you keep trying, victory will be near." That statement inspired me greatly. Slowly I got better at the job and it became easier.'



I am proud that I am now independent and can help the whole family. I also consider myself very lucky that I get so much support from Solid. When I have to go to the hospital, take medicine and rest, my colleagues help me. At the moment I am happy and I live in the moment.

Shashi Kachhap (29): production supervisor and quality controller for weaving since

<u>April 2017</u>

Thanks to a system she had worked out with her brother, Shashi was able to go to secondary school. She worked as a housekeeper in a hotel to pay for her brother's studies and he, in turn, worked to finance hers. Before her job at Solid, Shashi was unemployed and unmarried.



Shashi Kachhap (r.) en collegue Usha © Solid - Indra Cox

My mother already worked at Solid and convinced me to apply as well. She felt it was a good environment to work in. I had no previous knowledge of weaving and asked a lot of questions to get better. At one point, a master weaver said that I would never be as good as him because I am a woman. I saw a challenge in this statement and strived for perfection. I have worked very hard to improve my technique and I am very proud of where I am today.'



Before I started here, I didn't have a job and I didn't get marriage proposals. It is since I started working at Solid that I have found a good husband. He supports me very much and thinks I should do what makes me feel most happy. I could stop working now that I am married, but I don't want to. Everything I have achieved has been thanks to Solid.

'Recently I was selected to do the final quality check. That made me so very happy and proud. Again, I see it as a challenge that I enjoy taking on.'

The social enterprise Solid was founded by the entrepreneurial family Verelst and has fair trade workshops in Peru, Kenya and India. Solid mainly makes customised home interiors and fashion for brands or large retailers, such as AS Adventure, Simples, Casey Casey and LN Knits. But the Belgian company also has its <u>own brand</u>, with a focus on unique pieces. You can buy these rugs, cushions, plaids, blankets and baskets in <u>various shops</u>. Soon, kantha kimonos by Solid will also be available. These kimonos are made according to the kantha technique with upcycled saris combined with organic cotton. Solid tries to be as pure and sustainable as possible in their choice of materials. So be sure to follow <u>Solid's instagram channel</u> so you don't miss the launch of these new items. Or <u>contact Solid</u> with all your questions.

The workshop in India is supported by the Directorate-General for Development Cooperation and Humanitarian Aid and the Koning Boudewijn Foundation with a grant for companies with a high social impact.

Want to find out more? Go to solidinternational.be and read all about the workings of the Belgian social enterprise.